Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

According to GHS (Global Harmonized System) - Hazcom 2012

Date Printed (YYYY-MM-DD): 2020-04-21

Section 1 - Product and Company Information

Product Name: High Density Polyethylene Welding Rod

Product Part Number(s): R12-04-08-OR, R12-XX-YY-ZZ (Where XX is the rod profile, YY is the package quantity, and ZZ is the

Recommended Use: This product is used with a plastic welder to repair broken plastic parts.

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION: EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

Polyvance **24 Hour Emergency contact:** Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

Outside US: 703-527-3887

Rainsville, AL 35986

1128 Kirk Rd.

Information email: info@polyvance.com Customer Information Number: 256-638-4103 (7AM - 4PM (CST) M-F)

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Appearance: Waxy rods

Odor: Odorless

Hazard Statement:

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Signal Word: Not Applicable
Signal Word Hazard: Not Applicable

| GHS Physical Hazard Pictogram | GHS Health Hazard Pictogram(s) | GHS Environmental Hazard Pictogram |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |

GHS Hazards Statement Codes for This Product

Statement Statement
Type Code Statement Text

Precautionary Statement:

Not a hazardous substance or mixure.

GHS Precautionary Statement Codes for This Product

Statement Statement
Type Code Statement Text

Potential Health Effects

Eye Contact: If this material is heated, thermal burns may result from eye contact. Not expected to cause

prolonged or significant eye irritation.

Skin Contact: Thermal burns to the skin: may include pain or feeling of heat, discoloration, swelling, and

blistering. If this material is heated, thermal burns may result from skin contact. Contact with the

skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant irritation. Contact with the skin is not

expected to cause an allergic skin response.

Skin Absorption: Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if absorbed through the skin.

Inhalation: If this material is heated, fumes

may be unpleasant and produce nausea and irritation of the upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Not expected to be harmful if swallowed.

Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

| Component | CAS# | ENIECS | REACH Reg. No. | Amount |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------------|--------|
| Polyethylene | 9002-88-4 | | | <100% |
| Additives | Various | | | <1% |

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: If heated material should splash into eyes, flush eyes immediately with fresh water for 15 minutes

while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if worn. Get immediate medical attention.

If the hot material gets on skin, quickly cool in water. See a doctor for extensive burns. Do not try to **Skin Contact:**

> peel the solidified material from the skin or use solvents or thinners to dissolve it. The use of vegetable oil, mineral oil, or petroleum jelly is recommended for removal of this material from the

skin.

Inhalation: Move the exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if breathing difficulties continue.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Give the person a glass of water or milk to drink and get

immediate medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Medical Conditions

Aggravated by **Exposure:**

None

Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: If possible, water should be applied as a spray from a fogging nozzle since this is a surface burning

material. The application of high velocity water will spread the burning surface layer. This material

will burn although it is not easily ignited.

Unusual Fire or

Bulk storage of polyethylene may result in the accumulation of ethylene gas with possible explosion **Explosion Hazards:**

potential. Concentrations of ethylene gas must be kept below the lower explosive limit (LEL) of

2.7%.

Hazardous Combustion

Products:

Incomplete combustion can also produce formaldehyde. Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide,

water vapor and may produce carbon monoxide, original monomer, other hydrocarbons and

hydrocarbon oxidation products, depending on temperature and air availability.

Fire Fighting

Procedures:

For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper

protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions: Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material. Wear appropriate personal protective

equipment when cleaning up spills. Refer to Section 8.

Methods For Clean Up: If liquid material is spilled, allow it to cool and solidify. Place material in disposal containers and

dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

Other Release U.S.A. regulations may require reporting spills of this material that could reach any surface waters.

Information: Report spills to local authorities and/or the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.

Methods for Containment:

Contact local environmental or health authorities for approved disposal of this material. If safe and practicable, reclaim material.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

General Handling Practices: Keep out of reach of children. For professional use only. Not intended for sale to the general public. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes which may be released during plastic welding. Avoid contact of heated material with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Handling Precautions:

Potentially toxic/irritating fumes may be evolved from heated material. At temperatures (>350°F, >177°C), polyethylenes can release vapors and gases, which are irritating to the mucous membranes of the eyes, mouth, throat, and lungs. These substances may include acetaldehyde, acetone, acetic acid, formic acid, formaldehyde and acrolein. Based on animal data and limited epidemiological evidence, NTP, IARC (2A), and OSHA have listed formaldehyde as a probable human carcinogen. Following all recommendations within this MSDS should minimize exposure to thermal emissions.

Storage Requirements:

Treat as a solid that can burn. Store away from oxidizing materials, in a cool, dry place with adequate ventilation. DO NOT USE OR STORE near heat, sparks or open flames. USE AND STORE ONLY IN WELL VENTILATED AREA. DO NOT USE OR STORE near heat, sparks or open flames. USE AND STORE ONLY IN WELL VENTILATED AREA

Section 8 - Precautions to Control Exposure / Personal Protection

| Component | Source | Type | Value | Remarks |
|--------------|--------|------|---------|---------|
| Polyethylene | ACGIH | TWA | 3 mg/m3 | |

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Eye / Face Protection: Wear eye protection such as safety glasses, chemical goggles, or face shields if engineering

controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent eye contact. If this material is heated,

wear chemical goggles or safety glasses and a face shield.

Skin Protection: If this material is heated, wear insulated clothing to prevent skin contact if engineering controls or

work practices are not adequate to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory Protection: No respiratory protection is normally required. If heated material generates vapor or fumes that

are not adequately controlled by ventilation, wear a NIOSH approved respirator. Use the following elements for air-purifying respirators: Organic Vapor and Formaldehyde. Use a positive pressure, air-supplying respirator if there is potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate

protection.

Hygenic Measures: Wash hands before eating, smoking or using the washroom.

Other Protection

Measures:

None

Engineering Controls: Use in a well-ventilated area. If heated material generates vapor or fumes, use process

enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control exposure.

HMIS Personal Protection: Α



Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Waxy rods

Color: White

Odor: Mild odor when melting

Odor Threshold: Not determined

pH: Not determined

Melting Point: Softens over a temperature range.

Freezing Point: Not determined
Boiling Point: Not determined
Boiling Range: Not determined
Flash Point: Not determined

Evaporation Rate: Not determined **Flammability:** Not determined

Upper Flammability Limit: Not determined **Lower Flammability Limit:** Not determined

Vapor Pressure: NA
Vapor Density: NA

Specific Gravity: 0.91 - 0.98

Solubility in Water: Not determined.
Partition Coefficient: Not determined
Autoignition Temperature: Not determined
Decomposition Temperature: Not determined

Viscosity: Not determined

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and

handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Conditions to Avoid: All plastic materials may generate static electricity and should not be used around

explosive mixtures.

Incompatible Materials: May react with oxygen and strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates,

peroxides, etc.

Hazardous Decomposition Low molecular weight hydrocarbons, alcohols, aldehydes, acids and ketones can be

Products: formed during thermal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Ingestion Toxicity: No data available
SkinAbsorption: No data available
Inhalation: No data available
Sensitization: No data available
Acute Dose: No data available
Repeated Dose: No data available
Carcinogenicity: No data available
Corrosivity: No data available
Neurological: No data available

Reproductive: No data available

Genetic: No data available

Developmental: No data available

Eye Irritation: No data available

Skin Irritation: No data available

Target Organs: No data available

Section 12 - Ecological Information

EcoToxicity: This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

PersistenceDegrdability: This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal Method: Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be

discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by US EPA under RCRA (40 CFR 261) or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, federal law requires

disposal at a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility.

ContainerDisposal: Disposal must be made according to official

regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

DOT

Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated

IMDG (Maritime transport)

Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated

IATA (Air transport)

Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Superfund Amendments and Reathorization Act of 1986 (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986)

Sections 311 and 312

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard: No
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard: No
Fire Hazard: No
Reactive Hazard: No
Sudden Realease of Pressure: No

The following lists hazardous components and the regulatory lists for which they are required to be reported.

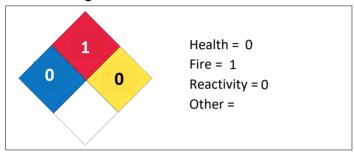
Component: Polyethylene

CAS: 9002-88-4 **Amount:** <100%

HMIS Rating (0 - 4)



NFPA Ratings



Section 16 - Other Information

Legend

ACGIH

| CAS | Chemical Abstract Service |
|-------|---|
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations |
| EPA | Environmental Protection Agency |
| HMIS | Hazardous Materials Identification System |
| IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| IDLH | Immediately Dangerous to Life or Healt |
| LC | Lethal Concentration |
| LD | Lethal Dose |
| LTEL | Long Term Exposure Limit |
| NFPA | National Fire Protection Association |
| NIOSH | National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health |
| OEL | Occupational Exposure Limit |
| OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Administration |
| PEL | Permissible Exposure Limit |
| REL | Recommended Exposure Level |
| SARA | Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act |
| STEL | Short Term Exposure Limit |
| TLV | Threshold Limit Value |

American Conference of Governmental Hygenists

DISCLAIMER

TSCA

TWA VOC **Toxic Substances Control Act**

Volitile Organic Compounds

Time Weighted Average

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